
Disconnected Graph Layout with polyomino packing

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The goal is to try to understand disconnected graph layout. The original example used numbers like this:

```
x = RandomReal[1, {50 + 1}]  
  
{0.100423, 0.157237, 0.241073, 0.649718, 0.729848, 0.706181, 0.0837941, 0.860834, 0.669379,  
0.0228935, 0.54663, 0.470419, 0.996927, 0.148674, 0.907021, 0.220041, 0.54439, 0.13459,  
0.387416, 0.728711, 0.752726, 0.527584, 0.90652, 0.743122, 0.458572, 0.522537, 0.157689,  
0.909696, 0.844896, 0.799682, 0.991708, 0.905753, 0.729819, 0.922898, 0.661673,  
0.201751, 0.198726, 0.946205, 0.808666, 0.766001, 0.26061, 0.598094, 0.890975,  
0.28242, 0.602877, 0.822951, 0.412995, 0.436776, 0.947476, 0.357703, 0.0106058}
```

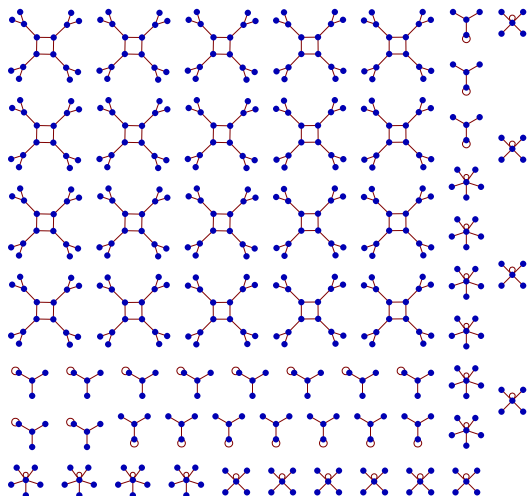
Then an artificial network is created thusly

```
Table[x[[i + 1]] -> x[[Mod[i^2, 50] + 1]], {i, 0, 50}]  
  
{0.100423 -> 0.100423, 0.157237 -> 0.157237, 0.241073 -> 0.729848,  
0.649718 -> 0.0228935, 0.729848 -> 0.54439, 0.706181 -> 0.522537, 0.0837941 -> 0.198726,  
0.860834 -> 0.357703, 0.669379 -> 0.907021, 0.0228935 -> 0.905753, 0.54663 -> 0.100423,  
0.470419 -> 0.527584, 0.996927 -> 0.602877, 0.148674 -> 0.728711, 0.907021 -> 0.412995,  
0.220041 -> 0.522537, 0.54439 -> 0.0837941, 0.13459 -> 0.766001, 0.387416 -> 0.458572,  
0.728711 -> 0.470419, 0.752726 -> 0.100423, 0.527584 -> 0.598094, 0.90652 -> 0.661673,  
0.743122 -> 0.799682, 0.458572 -> 0.157689, 0.522537 -> 0.522537, 0.157689 -> 0.157689,  
0.909696 -> 0.799682, 0.844896 -> 0.661673, 0.799682 -> 0.598094, 0.991708 -> 0.100423,  
0.905753 -> 0.470419, 0.729819 -> 0.458572, 0.922898 -> 0.766001, 0.661673 -> 0.0837941,  
0.201751 -> 0.522537, 0.198726 -> 0.412995, 0.946205 -> 0.728711, 0.808666 -> 0.602877,  
0.766001 -> 0.527584, 0.26061 -> 0.100423, 0.598094 -> 0.905753, 0.890975 -> 0.907021,  
0.28242 -> 0.357703, 0.602877 -> 0.198726, 0.822951 -> 0.522537, 0.412995 -> 0.54439,  
0.436776 -> 0.0228935, 0.947476 -> 0.729848, 0.357703 -> 0.157237, 0.0106058 -> 0.100423}
```

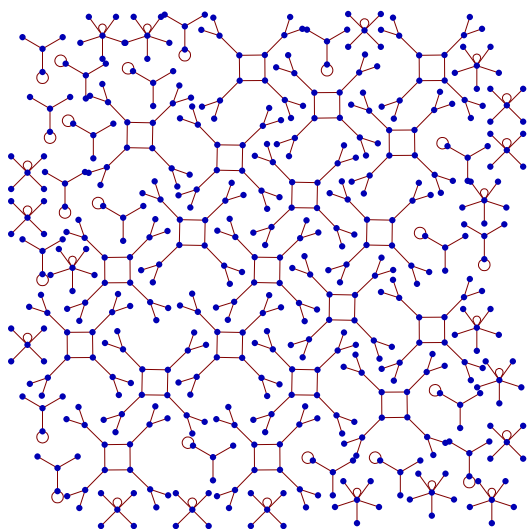
Then the graphs are created using the PackingMethod parameter

```
g = Flatten[Table[x = RandomReal[1, {50 + 1}];  
Table[x[[i + 1]] -> x[[Mod[i^2, 50] + 1]], {i, 0, 50}], {10}];
```

```
GraphPlot[g
  (*,PackingMethod->{"ClosestPackingCenter","Padding"->1} *)
]
```



```
GraphPlot[g
  , PackingMethod -> {"ClosestPackingCenter", "Padding" -> 1}
]
```



These graphs are a little abstract so I wanted to get a better feel for the nodes in these graphs...so I decided to use integers

```
y = RandomInteger[{1, 51}, {50 + 1}]
```

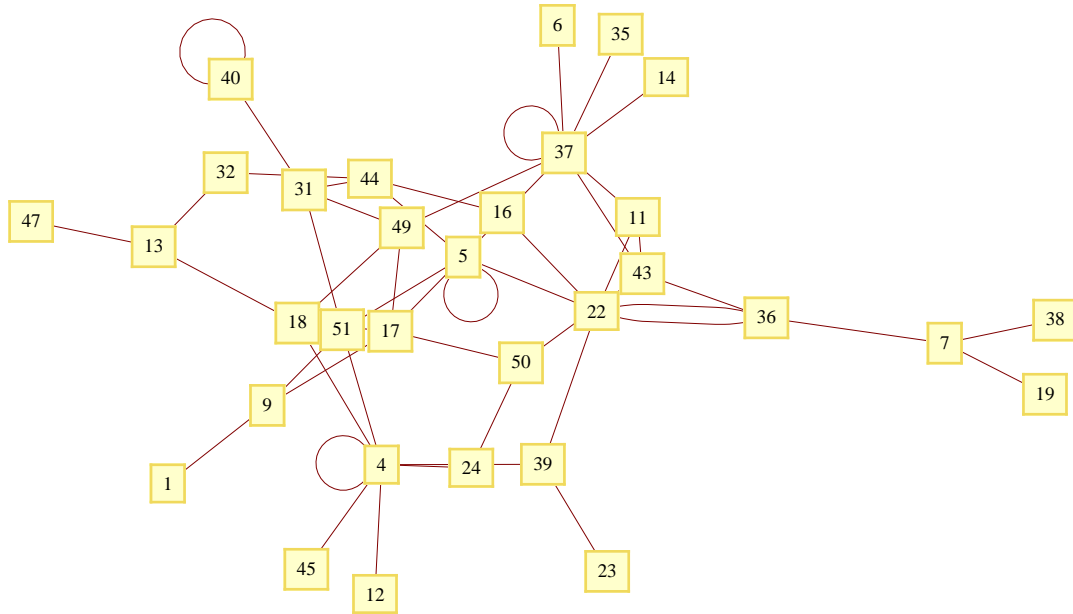
```
{4, 40, 32, 23, 13, 49, 17, 51, 17, 39, 12, 36, 32, 38, 9, 14, 18, 24, 36, 7, 18, 43, 18, 43, 22, 37,
  5, 35, 31, 37, 24, 22, 16, 17, 49, 5, 5, 19, 16, 50, 45, 11, 1, 44, 44, 6, 51, 4, 47, 31, 51}
```



```

GraphPlot[yRules
, VertexLabeling → True
, ImageSize → 600
, PackingMethod → {"ClosestPackingCenter", "Padding" → 1}
]

```



So by adding a greater range of values, the same method gives some nice labelled graphs.

```
y = RandomInteger[{1, 51 000}, {50 + 1}]
```

```
{8716, 26 055, 36 196, 37 124, 36 612, 42 670, 42 778, 21 004, 20 989, 49 842, 14 923, 6708, 32 672,
47 046, 1203, 47 667, 45 234, 14 127, 50 975, 14 703, 46 110, 38 764, 7267, 38 956, 24 302, 28 448,
45 897, 6145, 48 388, 41 040, 11 903, 41 912, 14 722, 29 591, 34 861, 1652, 22 814, 2538, 49 724,
39 147, 47 229, 34 371, 14 302, 40 526, 20 572, 43 528, 10 539, 38 455, 24 339, 845, 27 280}
```

```
yRules = Table[y[[i + 1]] → y[[Mod[i2, 50] + 1]], {i, 0, 50}]
```

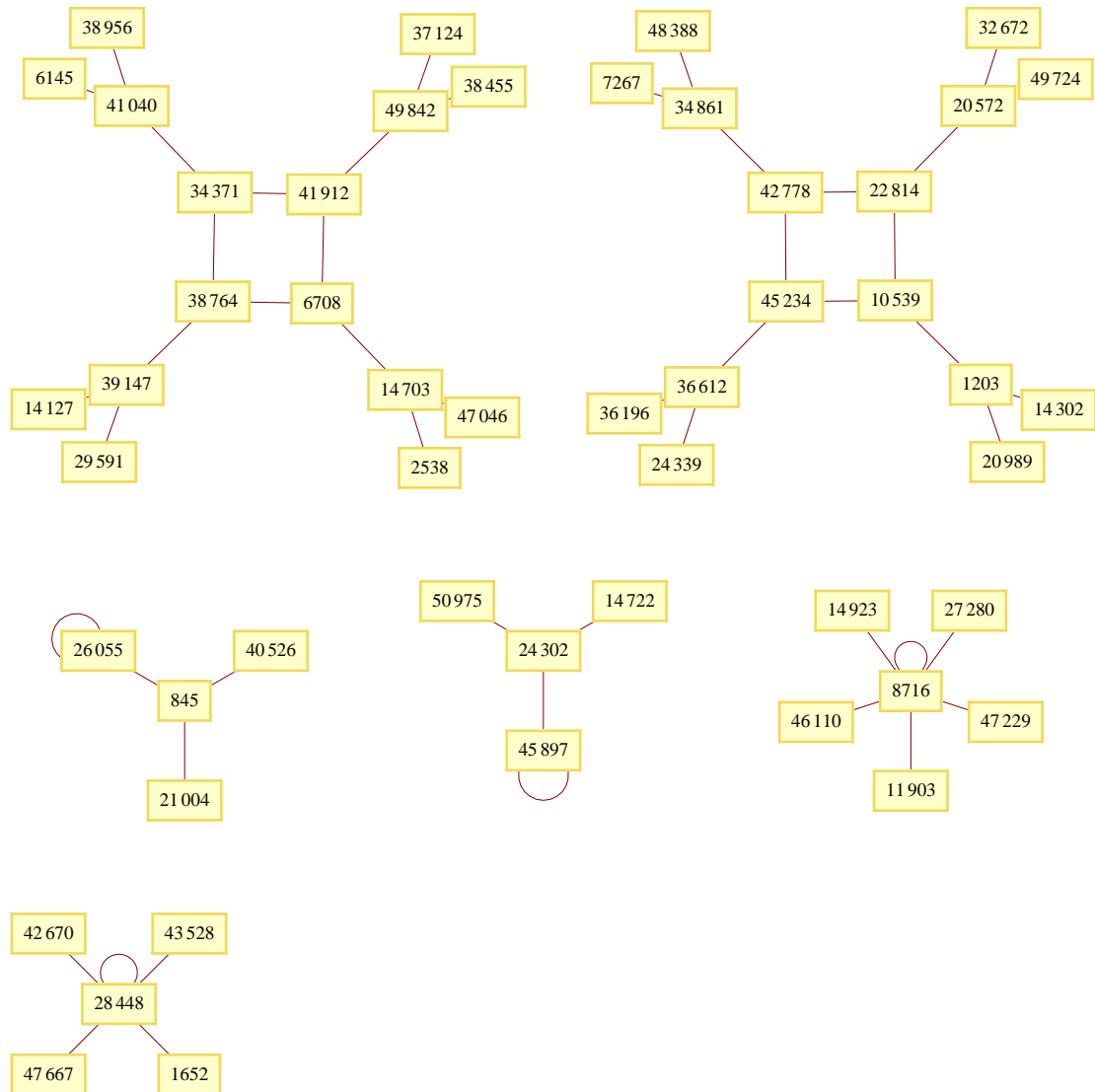
```
{8716 → 8716, 26 055 → 26 055, 36 196 → 36 612, 37 124 → 49 842, 36 612 → 45 234,
42 670 → 28 448, 42 778 → 22 814, 21 004 → 845, 20 989 → 1203, 49 842 → 41 912, 14 923 → 8716,
6708 → 38 764, 32 672 → 20 572, 47 046 → 14 703, 1203 → 10 539, 47 667 → 28 448,
45 234 → 42 778, 14 127 → 39 147, 50 975 → 24 302, 14 703 → 6708, 46 110 → 8716, 38 764 → 34 371,
7267 → 34 861, 38 956 → 41 040, 24 302 → 45 897, 28 448 → 28 448, 45 897 → 45 897,
6145 → 41 040, 48 388 → 34 861, 41 040 → 34 371, 11 903 → 8716, 41 912 → 6708, 14 722 → 24 302,
29 591 → 39 147, 34 861 → 42 778, 1652 → 28 448, 22 814 → 10 539, 2538 → 14 703, 49 724 → 20 572,
39 147 → 38 764, 47 229 → 8716, 34 371 → 41 912, 14 302 → 1203, 40 526 → 845, 20 572 → 22 814,
43 528 → 28 448, 10 539 → 45 234, 38 455 → 49 842, 24 339 → 36 612, 845 → 26 055, 27 280 → 8716}
```

And they are disconnected now..

```

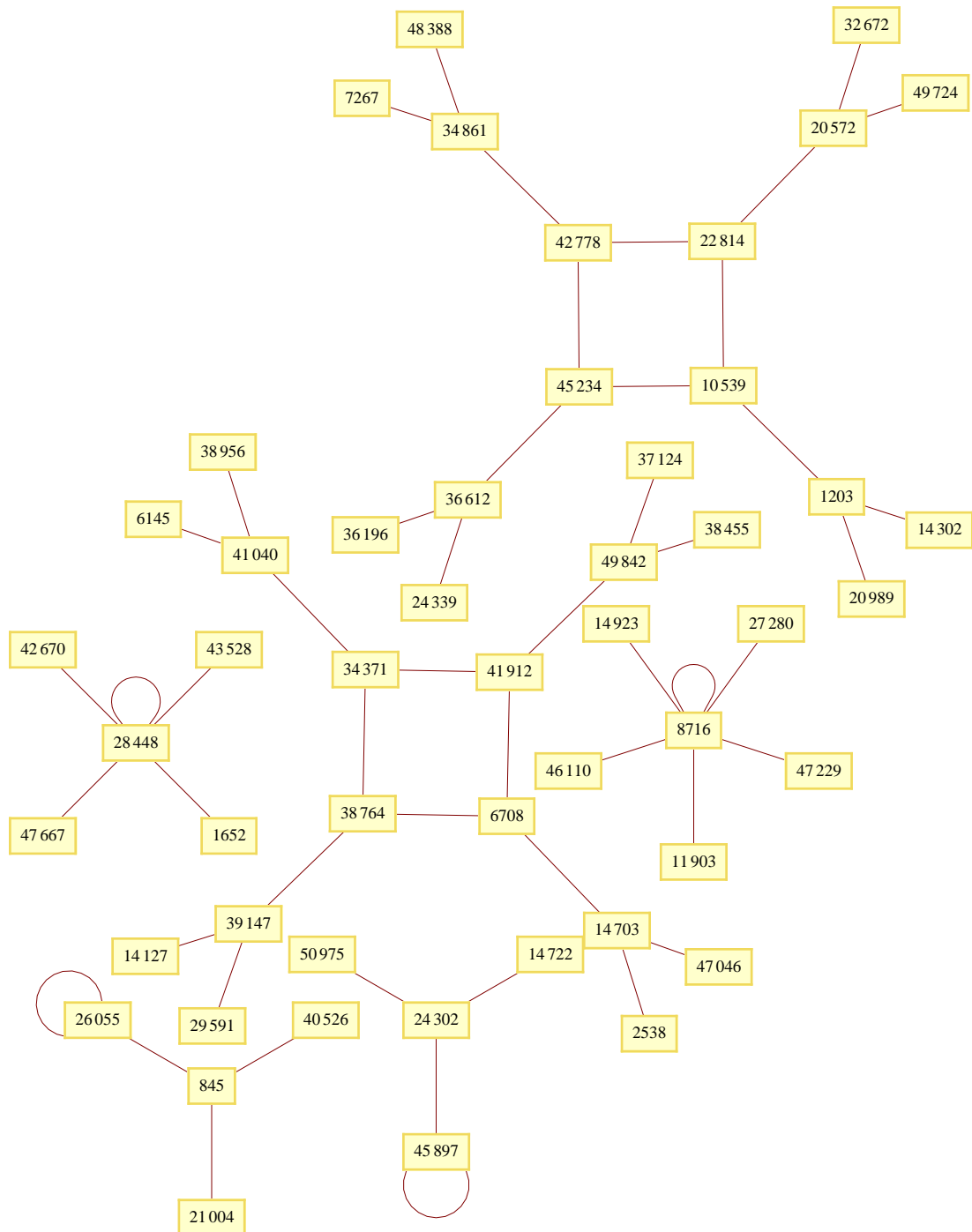
GraphPlot[yRules
, VertexLabeling -> True
, ImageSize -> 600
]

```



So now the disconnected options are more evident

```
GraphPlot[yRules  
  , VertexLabeling → True  
  , ImageSize → 600  
  , PackingMethod → {"ClosestPackingCenter", "Padding" → 1}  
]
```



The polyomino packing is definitely more evident now..

```
GraphPlot[yRules
, VertexLabeling → True
, ImageSize → 600
, PackingMethod → {
  "ClosestPackingCenter"
, "PolyominoNumber" → 5
, "Padding" → 1}
]
```

