HEGEL’S PHILOSOPHICAL SYSTEM

INTRODUCTION

I. LOGIC
A. Being
B. Essence
C. Concept

II. PHILOSOPHY OF NATURE
A. Mathematics/Mechanics
B. Inorganic Physics/Physics
C. Organic Physics/Biology

III. PHILOSOPHY OF SPIRIT
A. Subjective Spirit
B. Objective Spirit
C. Absolute Spirit

A. SUBJECTIVE SPIRIT

1. Anthropology
2. Phenomenology
3. Psychology

B. OBJECTIVE SPIRIT

1. Law
2. Morality
3. Ethics

C. ABSOLUTE SPIRIT

1. Art
2. Revealed Religion
3. Philosophy

SOURCE

Outline
Lectures
Books

SYNOPSIS

Hegel's philosophy is organized against the background of modern philosophy, which, in great part, emerges from the work of Kant. In the Encyclopedia of the Philosophical Sciences in Outline, Hegel outlines his project, which he aims to accomplish through a comprehensive presentation of all the sciences that are at the foundation of the various sciences of the spirit. This project is characterized by a dialectical method that unfolds through a series of three stages: the philosophy of nature, the philosophy of spirit, and the philosophy of religion. Each of these stages is further divided into subcategories that reflect the development of Hegel's thought over time.

The Encyclopedia of the Philosophical Sciences in Outline provides a summary of Hegel's entire philosophical system. It is divided into three volumes, each focusing on a different aspect of Hegel's thought: the philosophy of nature, the philosophy of spirit, and the philosophy of religion. These volumes are structured around a series of lectures, which are presented in a logical and systematic manner, allowing readers to follow Hegel's development of his ideas over time.

Hegel's system is characterized by a dialectical method, which involves the contradictory development of opposing forces in a dynamic process of thesis, antithesis, and synthesis. This process is applied throughout the entire system, from the simplest concepts of logic to the most complex ideas of religion.

The study of Hegel's work is further facilitated by the use of a chart that outlines the main ideas and themes of his philosophy. This chart helps to clarify the relationships between different parts of Hegel's system and provides a roadmap for understanding his overall project.